

**MEMORANDUM**

To: USACE Colonel Jason A. Kirk, LTC Jennifer A. Reynolds, Richard McMillen, Kim Taplin, SFWMD Governing Board, Executive Director Ernie Marks, Terrie Bates, Susan Gray, DEP Secretary Noah Valenstein

From: Periodic Scientists Conference Call Participants  
 Paul Tritaik - J.N. "Ding" Darling National Wildlife Refuge (NWR) Complex  
 James Evans & Holly Milbrandt - City of Sanibel  
 Keith Kibbey & Lesli Haynes - Lee County  
 Rae Burns – Town of Fort Myers Beach  
 Harry Phillips – City of Cape Coral  
 Rae Ann Wessel & Rick Bartleson, Ph.D.-Sanibel Captiva Conservation Foundation

Subject: Caloosahatchee & Estuary Condition Report

Reporting Period: **April 10 - 16, 2018**

This report provides a scientific assessment of Caloosahatchee River and Estuary conditions and how these conditions affect the health, productivity and function of the system.

**Caloosahatchee Condition Summary:** The Caloosahatchee estuary **needs additional freshwater**. The past **49 consecutive days salinity has exceeded the MFL resulting in harmful high salinities for oysters in the lower estuary and tape grass in the upper estuary**. Weekly average inflow to the estuary at S-79 was **705 cfs**. **Red tide continues to impact birds, sea turtles and cause fish kills and respiratory irritation along coastal beaches**.

**USACE Action:** Since 1/12/18 the Army Corps has continued flows from Lake Okeechobee through pulse releases with an average target flow for the Caloosahatchee Estuary of **650 cfs** at S-79 and no releases to the St Lucie at S-80.

**Recommendation:** Additional water discharges from the Lake would benefit both Lake Okeechobee marsh recovery and provide needed additional water to assist habitat recovery and reduce harmful salinities throughout the Caloosahatchee estuary. There is sufficient water in the lake to achieve this and meet consumptive uses.

Lake Okeechobee Level: **13.41 ft. (Low Sub-Band)**

Last week: **13.57 ft**

Lake Okeechobee Inflow: **390 cfs**

Lake Okeechobee Outflow: **NR cfs**

Weekly Rainfall: WP Franklin **0.79"** Ortona **1.28"** Moore Haven **0.61"**

Salinity Beautiful Island: **4.0 - 7.2 psu** (SCCF RECON Marker 18)

Previous week **4.8 - 7.9 psu**

Salinity Fort Myers: **12 - 18 psu** (SCCF RECON)

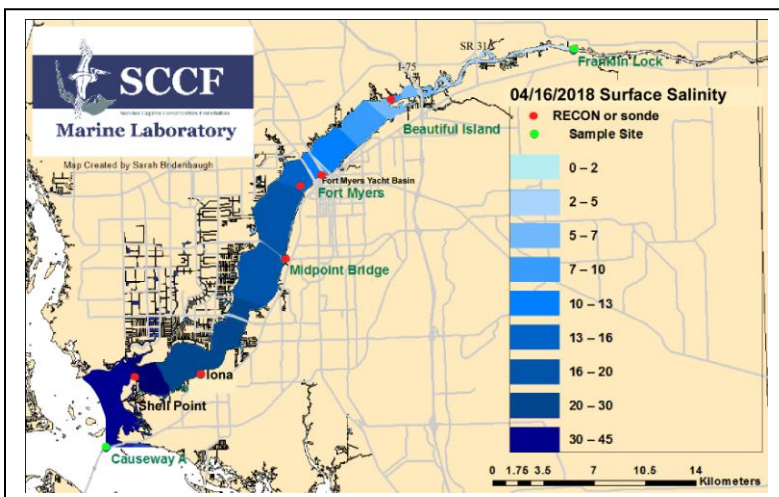
Previous week **14 - 19 psu**

**MFL Status: Exceedance = 49 days** 30 day moving average: **12.7 psu**

Previous week: **12.4 psu**

Salinity Shell Point: **24 - 36 psu** (SCCF RECON)

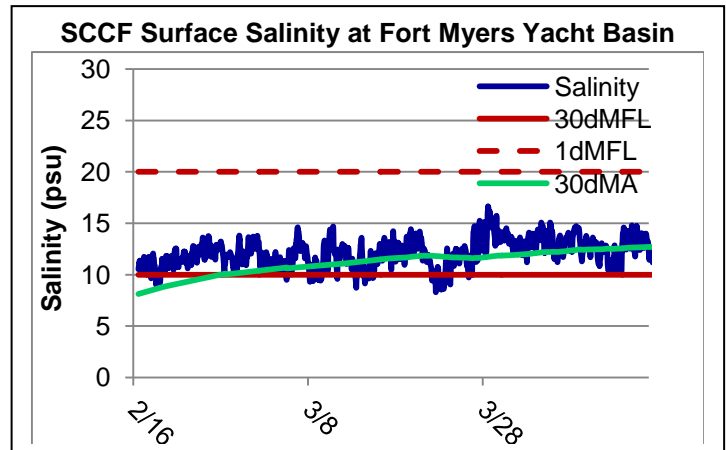
Previous week **25 - 35 psu**



Salinity (psu)			
	Current Value	Sustainable Range	High/Low
Beautiful Is	<b>4.0 - 7.2</b>	< 5 psu	<b>High</b>
Fort Myers	<b>12 - 18</b>	<10 psu	<b>High</b>
Shell Point	<b>24 - 36</b>	25 - 32 psu	<b>High</b>
Light (25% I <sub>z</sub> depth meters)			
Fort Myers	<b>0.79</b>	1 meter	<b>Low</b>
Shell Point	<b>1.81</b>	2.2 meters	<b>Low</b>
Causeway	<b>1.78</b>	2.2 meters	<b>Low</b>

**Flow & Water Quality:** Flows to the Caloosahatchee Estuary at S-79 during the past seven days averaged **705 cfs**. Over the past 14 days **95,268\* AF** of water was discharged from Lake O, **29%\*** to **S-77**, **7%\*** to **S-308**, **54% of water from Lake O was discharged south to the EAA**. **Approximately 7% was discharged to the L8 and 2% was discharged through S-310.** (\*Flow Data Missing)

ACOE Daily Reports			
Date	S79 Flow (cfs)	S78 Flow (cfs)	S77 Flow (cfs)
4/10/2018	340	294	1107
4/11/2018	74	297	754
4/12/2018	0	106	219
4/13/2018	1045	1015	1120
4/14/2018	1526	1092	1595
4/15/2018	1104	890	1047
4/16/2018	848	485	NR
7 day Avg	705	597	974



**Upstream of S-79/Franklin Conditions:** Sampling by Lee County Environmental Lab on 4/16/18 reported the presence of *Microcystis cyanobacteria* at 2 sample sites; the Alva boat ramp and upstream of S-79. On 4/17/18 the Olga Water Treatment plant reported chlorides of **59 mg/l**, apparent color **97 CU** and turbidity **4.23 NTU**. No visible algae was reported at the plant intake the past week. The plant remains off line for maintenance.

**Upper Estuary Conditions:** **The 30 day moving average salinity at the Fort Myers Yacht Basin was 12.7 psu and the weekly average salinity was 13 psu.** These salinities are above the suitable range for tape grass, which is growing between the Caloosahatchee Bridge and Beautiful Island. Water column chlorophyll was elevated at Fort Myers and Beautiful Island RECON sites.

**Lower Estuary Conditions:** The average salinity at Shell Point, **32 psu**, was above the optimal range for oysters.

**J.N. "Ding" Darling NWR:**

Monitor Site	Salinity (psu)	Diss O <sub>2</sub> (mg/L)	FDOM (qsde)	Chlorophyll (µg/L)
McIntyre Creek	34.8 – 36.0	1.8 – 11.9	6.2 – 15.0	1.5 – 10.5

**Beach Conditions:** Dead fish washed up along Sanibel and Fort Myers Beaches, suspected culprit, red tide.

**Red Tide:** On 4/13/18 the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission reports that the Florida red tide organism, *Karenia brevis* persists in Sarasota, Charlotte, Lee, Collier and Monroe Counties with **very low to medium concentrations in samples collected from or offshore of Lee County**. Numerous fish kills and respiratory irritation were reported the past week. SCCF samples collected at the Sanibel boat ramp on 4/15/18 contained **418,000 cells/L** of *Karenia*.

**Wildlife Impacts:** The past week, CROW the wildlife hospital on Sanibel treated **7 new patients with red tide symptoms; 6 Double Crested Cormorants and 1 Sanderling**.

Caloosahatchee Stations	Chlorophyll (µg/L)	fDOM (qse)	Turbidity (NTU)	25% I <sub>0</sub> depth (meters)
Target Values	< 11	CE <70 SCB <11	CE < 18 SCB < 5	CE = 1 m SCB = 2.2m
Fort Myers	24	148	6.0	0.79
Shell Point	5.8	33.6	3.6	1.81
Causeway	6.4	3.7	9.8	1.78

Target light penetration: **CE**- Caloosahatchee Estuary =1 m  
**SCB**-San Carlos Bay = 2.2 meters  
 Definition of 25% I<sub>z</sub>: z where I is 25% of surface I.  
 I = irradiance, z= depth